## The Wife of Bath's Tale from The Canterbury Tales Geoffrey Chaucer, translated by Nevill Coghill

## The Prologue

The Pardoner started up, and thereupon "Madam," he said, "by God and by St. John, That's noble preaching no one could surpass! I was about to take a wife; alas!

- 5 Am I to buy it on my flesh so dear?
  There'll be no marrying for me this year!"
  "You wait," she said, "my story's not begun.
  You'll taste another brew before I've done;
  You'll find it doesn't taste as good as ale;
- 10 And when I've finished telling you my tale
  Of tribulation in the married life
  In which I've been an expert as a wife,
  That is to say, myself have been the whip.
  So please yourself whether you want to sip
- 15 At that same cask of marriage I shall broach.
  Be cautious before making the approach,
  For I'll give instances, and more than ten.
  And those who won't be warned by other men,
  By other men shall suffer their correction,
- 20 So Ptolemy has said, in this connection. You read his *Almagest*; you'll find it there." "Madam, I put it to you as a prayer," The Pardoner said, "go on as you began! Tell us your tale, spare not for any man.
- 25 Instruct us younger men in your technique."
  "Gladly," she said, "if you will let me speak,
  But still I hope the company won't reprove me
  Though I should speak as fantasy may move me,
  And please don't be offended at my views;
- They're really only offered to amuse.

## The Tale

When good King Arthur ruled in ancient days (A king that every Briton loves to praise)
This was a land brim-full of fairy folk.
The Elf-Queen and her courtiers joined and broke

- Their elfin dance on many a green mead, Or so was the opinion once, I read, Hundreds of years ago, in days of yore. But no one now sees fairies any more. For now the saintly charity and prayer
- 40 Of holy friars seem to have purged the air;
  They search the countryside through field and stream
  As thick as motes that speckle a sun-beam,
  Blessing the halls, the chambers, kitchens, bowers,
  Cities and boroughs, castles, courts and towers,
- Thorpes, barns and stables, outhouses and dairies,
  And that's the reason why there are no fairies.
  Wherever there was wont to walk an elf
  To-day there walks the holy friar himself
  As evening falls or when the daylight springs,

- 50 Saying his matins and his holy things,
  Walking his limit round from town to town.
  Women can now go safely up and down
  By every bush or under every tree;
  There is no other incubus but he,
- So there is really no one else to hurt you
  And he will do no more than take your virtue.
  Now it so happened, I began to say,
  Long, long ago in good King Arthur's day,
  There was a knight who was a lusty liver.
- One day as he came riding from the river
  He saw a maiden walking all forlorn
  Ahead of him, alone as she was born.
  And of that maiden, spite of all she said,
  By very force he took her maidenhead.
- 65 This act of violence made such a stir,
  So much petitioning to the king for her,
  That he condemned the knight to lose his head
  By course of law. He was as good as dead
  (It seems that then the statutes took that view)
- 70 But that the queen, and other ladies too,
  Implored the king to exercise his grace
  So ceaselessly, he gave the queen the case
  And granted her his life, and she could choose
  Whether to show him mercy or refuse.
- 75 The queen returned him thanks with all her might, And then she sent a summons to the knight At her convenience, and expressed her will: "You stand, for such is the position still, In no way certain of your life," said she,
- What is the thing that women most desire?

  Beware the axe and say as I require.

  "If you can't answer on the moment, though,
  I will concede you this: You are to go
- A twelvemonth and a day to seek and learn Sufficient answer, then you shall return.
   I shall take gages from you to extort Surrender of your body to the court."
   Sad was the knight and sorrowfully sighed,
- 90 But there! All other choices were denied,
  And in the end he chose to go away
  And to return after a year and day
  Armed with such answer as there might be sent
  To him by God. He took his leave and went.
- 95 He knocked at every house, searched every place, Yes, anywhere that offered hope of grace.
  What could it be that women wanted most?
  But all the same he never touched a coast,
  Country, or town in which there seemed to be
- 100 Any two people willing to agree.

  Some said that women wanted wealth and treasure,
  "Honor," said some, some "Jollity and pleasure,"

  Some "Gorgeous clothes" and others "Fun in bed,"
  "To be oft widowed and remarried," said
- Others again, and some that what most mattered Was that we should be cossetted and flattered. That's very near the truth, it seems to me; A man can win us best with flattery.

- To dance attendance on us, make a fuss,

  Ensnares us all, the best and worst of us.

  Some say the things we most desire are these:

  Freedom to do exactly as we please,

  With no one to reprove our faults and lies,

  Rather to have one call us good and wise.
- 115 Truly there's not a woman in ten score
  Who has a fault, and someone rubs the sore,
  But she will kick if what he says is true;
  You try it out and you will find so too.
  However vicious we may be within
- 120 We like to be thought wise and void of sin.
  Others assert we women find it sweet
  When we are thought dependable, discreet
  And secret, firm of purpose and controlled,
  Never betraying things that we are told.
- 125 But that's not worth the handle of a rake;
  Women conceal a thing? For Heaven's sake!
  Remember Midas? Will you hear the tale?
  Among some other little things, now stale,
  Ovid relates that under his long hair
- 130 The unhappy Midas grew a splendid pair
  Of ass's ears; as subtly as he might,
  He kept his foul deformity from sight;
  Save for his wife, there was not one that knew.
  He loved her best, and trusted in her too.
- 135 He begged her not to tell a living creature
  That he possessed so horrible a feature.
  And she—she swore, were all the world to win,
  She would not do such villainy and sin
  As saddle her husband with so foul a name;
- 140 Besides to speak would be to share the shame.

  Nevertheless she thought she would have died
  Keeping this secret bottled up inside;
  It seemed to swell her heart and she, no doubt,
  Thought it was on the point of bursting out.
  Fearing to speak of it to woman or man,
  Down to a reedy marsh she quickly ran
  And reached the sedge. Her heart was all on fire
  And, as a bittern bumbles in the mire,
  She whispered to the water, near the ground,
- 150 "Betray me not, O water, with thy sound!

  To thee alone I tell it: It appears

  My husband has a pair of ass's ears!

  Ah! My heart's well again, the secret's out!

  I could no longer keep it, not a doubt."
- And so you see, although we may hold fast A little while, it must come out at last, We can't keep secrets; as for Midas, well, Read Ovid for his story; he will tell. This knight that I am telling you about
- 160 Perceived at last he never would find out
  What it could be that women loved the best.
  Faint was the soul within his sorrowful breast,
  As home he went, he dared no longer stay;
  His year was up and now it was the day.
- As he rode home in a dejected mood Suddenly, at the margin of a wood, He saw a dance upon the leafy floor

- Of four and twenty ladies, nay, and more. Eagerly he approached, in hope to learn
- 170 Some words of wisdom ere he should return;
  But lo! Before he came to where they were,
  Dancers and dance all vanished into air!
  There wasn't a living creature to be seen
  Save one old woman crouched upon the green.
- 175 A fouler-looking creature I suppose
  Could scarcely be imagined. She arose
  And said, "Sir knight, there's no way on from here.
  Tell me what you are looking for, my dear,
  For peradventure that were best for you;
- 180 We old, old women know a thing or two."
  "Dear Mother," said the knight, "alack the day!
  I am as good as dead if I can't say
  What thing it is that women most desire;
  If you could tell me I would pay your hire."
- "Give me your hand," she said, "and swear to do Whatever I shall next require of you
  —If so to do should lie within your might—
  And you shall know the answer before night."
  "Upon my honor," he answered, "I agree."
- 190 "Then," said the crone, "I dare to guarantee
  Your life is safe; I shall make good my claim.
  Upon my life the queen will say the same.
  Show me the very proudest of them all
  In costly coverchief or jeweled caul
- 195 That dare say no to what I have to teach.

  Let us go forward without further speech."

  And then she crooned her gospel in his ear

  And told him to be glad and not to fear.

  They came to court. This knight, in full array,
- 200 Stood forth and said, "O Queen, I've kept my day
  And kept my word and have my answer ready."
  There sat the noble matrons and the heady
  Young girls, and widows too, that have the grace
  Of wisdom, all assembled in that place,
- And there the queen herself was throned to hear And judge his answer. Then the knight drew near And silence was commanded through the hall. The queen gave order he should tell them all What thing it was that women wanted most.
- 210 He stood not silent like a beast or post,
  But gave his answer with the ringing word
  Of a man's voice and the assembly heard:
  "My liege and lady, in general," said he,
  "A woman wants the self-same sovereignty
- 215 Over her husband as over her lover,
  And master him; he must not be above her.
  That is your greatest wish, whether you kill
  Or spare me; please yourself. I wait your will."
  In all the court not one that shook her head
- Or contradicted what the knight had said;
   Maid, wife, and widow cried, "He's saved his life!"
   And on the word up started the old wife,
   The one the knight saw sitting on the green,
   And cried, "Your mercy, sovereign lady queen!
- 225 Before the court disperses, do me right!
  'Twas I who taught this answer to the knight,

	For which he swore, and pledged his honor to it,
	That the first thing I asked of him he'd do it,
	So far as it should lie within his might.
230	Before this court I ask you then, sir knight,
	To keep your word and take me for your wife;
	For well you know that I have saved your life.
	If this be false, deny it on your sword!"
	"Alas!" he said, "Old lady, by the Lord
235	I know indeed that such was my behest,
	But for God's love think of a new request,
	Take all my goods, but leave my body free."
	"A curse on us," she said, "if I agree!
	I may be foul, I may be poor and old,
240	Yet will not choose to be, for all the gold
240	That's bedded in the earth or lies above,
	Less than your wife, nay, than your very love!"
	"My love?" said he. "By heaven, my damnation!
	Alas that any of my race and station
245	Should ever make so foul a misalliance!"
	Yet in the end his pleading and defiance
	All went for nothing, he was forced to wed.
	He takes his ancient wife and goes to bed.
	Now peradventure some may well suspect
250	A lack of care in me since I neglect
	To tell of the rejoicings and display
	Made at the feast upon their wedding-day.
	I have but a short answer to let fall;
	I say there was no joy or feast at all,
255	Nothing but heaviness of heart and sorrow.
233	He married her in private on the morrow
	And all day long stayed hidden like an owl,
	It was such torture that his wife looked foul.
260	Great was the anguish churning in his head
260	When he and she were piloted to bed;
	He wallowed back and forth in desperate style.
	His ancient wife lay smiling all the while;
	At last she said "Bless us! Is this, my dear,
	How knights and wives get on together here?
265	Are these the laws of good King Arthur's house?
	Are knights of his all so contemptuous?
	I am your own beloved and your wife,
	And I am she, indeed, that saved your life;
	And certainly I never did you wrong.
270	Then why, this first of nights, so sad a song?
2,0	You're carrying on as if you were half-witted
	Say, for God's love, what sin have I committed?
	I'll put things right if you will tell me how."
	"Put right?" he cried. "That never can be now!
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275	Nothing can ever be put right again!
	You're old, and so abominably plain,
	So poor to start with, so low-bred to follow;
	It's little wonder if I twist and wallow!
	God, that my heart would burst within my breast!
280	"Is that," said she, "the cause of your unrest?"
	"Yes, certainly," he said, "and can you wonder?"
	"I could set right what you suppose a blunder,

That's if I cared to, in a day or two,

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If I were shown more courtesy by you.

Just now," she said, "you spoke of gentle birth,

Such as descends from ancient wealth and worth. If that's the claim you make for gentlemen Such arrogance is hardly worth a hen. Whoever loves to work for virtuous ends, 290 Public and private, and who most intends To do what deeds of gentleness he can, Take him to be the greatest gentleman. Christ wills we take our gentleness from Him, Not from a wealth of ancestry long dim, 295 Though they bequeath their whole establishment By which we claim to be of high descent. Our fathers cannot make us a bequest Of all those virtues that became them best And earned for them the name of gentlemen, 300 But bade us follow them as best we can. "Thus the wise poet of the Florentines, Dante by name, has written in these lines, For such is the opinion Dante launches: 'Seldom arises by these slender branches 305 Prowess of men, for it is God, no less, Wills us to claim of Him our gentleness.' For of our parents nothing can we claim Save temporal things, and these may hurt and maim. "But everyone knows this as well as I; 310 For if gentility were implanted by The natural course of lineage down the line, Public or private, could it cease to shine In doing the fair work of gentle deed? No vice or villainy could then bear seed. 315 "Take fire and carry it to the darkest house Between this kingdom and the Caucasus, And shut the doors on it and leave it there, It will burn on, and it will burn as fair As if ten thousand men were there to see, 320 For fire will keep its nature and degree, I can assure you, sir, until it dies. "But gentleness, as you will recognize, Is not annexed in nature to possessions. Men fail in living up to their professions; 325 But fire never ceases to be fire. God knows you'll often find, if you inquire, Some lording full of villainy and shame. If you would be esteemed for the mere name Of having been by birth a gentleman 330 And stemming from some virtuous, noble clan, And do not live yourself by gentle deed Or take your father's noble code and creed, You are no gentleman, though duke or earl. Vice and bad manners are what make a churl. "Gentility is only the renown For bounty that your fathers handed down, Quite foreign to your person, not your own; Gentility must come from God alone. That we are gentle comes to us by grace 340 And by no means is it bequeathed with place. "Reflect how noble (says Valerius) Was Tullius surnamed Hostilius, Who rose from poverty to nobleness.

And read Boethius, Seneca no less,

- 345 Thus they express themselves and are agreed: 'Gentle is he that does a gentle deed.'
  And therefore, my dear husband, I conclude That even if my ancestors were rude, Yet God on high—and so I hope He will—
- 350 Can grant me grace to live in virtue still,
  A gentlewoman only when beginning
  To live in virtue and to shrink from sinning.
  "As for my poverty which you reprove,
  Almighty God Himself in whom we move,
- 355 Believe, and have our being, chose a life
  Of poverty, and every man or wife
  Nay, every child can see our Heavenly King
  Would never stoop to choose a shameful thing.
  No shame in poverty if the heart is gay,
- 360 As Seneca and all the learned say.

  He who accepts his poverty unhurt
  I'd say is rich although he lacked a shirt.

  But truly poor are they who whine and fret
  And covet what they cannot hope to get.
- 365 And he that, having nothing, covets not, Is rich, though you may think he is a sot. "True poverty can find a song to sing. Juvenal says a pleasant little thing: 'The poor can dance and sing in the relief
- 370 Of having nothing that will tempt a thief.'
  Though it be hateful, poverty is good,
  A great incentive to a livelihood,
  And a great help to our capacity
  For wisdom, if accepted patiently.
- 375 Poverty is, though wanting in estate,
  A kind of wealth that none calumniate.
  Poverty often, when the heart is lowly,
  Brings one to God and teaches what is holy,
  Gives knowledge of oneself and even lends
- A glass by which to see one's truest friends.
  And since it's no offense, let me be plain;
  Do not rebuke my poverty again.
  "Lastly you taxed me, sir, with being old.
  Yet even if you never had been told
- 385 By ancient books, you gentlemen engage
  Yourselves in honor to respect old age.
  To call an old man 'father' shows good breeding,
  And this could be supported from my reading.
  "You say I'm old and fouler than a fen.
- 390 You need not fear to be a cuckold, then. Filth and old age, I'm sure you will agree, Are powerful wardens over chastity. Nevertheless, well knowing your delights, I shall fulfill your worldly appetites.
- 395 "You have two choices; which one will you try?
  To have me old and ugly till I die,
  But still a loyal, true, and humble wife
  That never will displease you all her life,
  Or would you rather I were young and pretty
- 400 And chance your arm what happens in a cityWhere friends will visit you because of me,Yes, and in other places too, maybe.Which would you have? The choice is all your own."

- The knight thought long, and with a piteous groan
  405 At last he said, with all the care in life,
  "My lady and my love, my dearest wife,
  I leave the matter to your wise decision.
  You make the choice yourself, for the provision
  Of what may be agreeable and rich
- In honor to us both, I don't care which;
  Whatever pleases you suffices me."
  "And have I won the mastery?" said she,
  "Since I'm to choose and rule as I think fit?"
  "Certainly, wife," he answered her, "that's it."
- 415 "Kiss me," she cried. "No quarrels! On my oath And word of honor, you shall find me both, That is, both fair and faithful as a wife; May I go howling mad and take my life Unless I prove to be as good and true
- As ever wife was since the world was new!

  And if to-morrow when the sun's above
  I seem less fair than any lady-love,
  Than any queen or empress east or west,
  Do with my life and death as you think best.
- And when indeed the knight had looked to see,
  Lo, she was young and lovely, rich in charms.
  In ecstasy he caught her in his arms,
  His heart went bathing in a bath of blisses
- And melted in a hundred thousand kisses,
  And she responded in the fullest measure
  With all that could delight or give him pleasure.
  So they lived ever after to the end
  In perfect bliss; and may Christ Jesus send
- 435 Us husbands meek and young and fresh in bed, And grace to overbid them when we wed. And—Jesu hear my prayer!—cut short the lives Of those who won't be governed by their wives; And all old, angry niggards of their pence,
- 440 God send them soon a very pestilence!