

Ch. 2/4 Review

Evaluate each expression.

1) $3 + 2 \times 2 - 1$

$$\begin{array}{r} \checkmark \\ 3 + 4 - 1 \\ \checkmark \\ 7 - 1 \\ 6 \end{array}$$

2) $(4 - 2) \times 6 \times 5$

$$\begin{array}{r} \checkmark \\ 2 \times 6 \times 5 \\ \checkmark \\ 12 \times 5 \\ 60 \end{array}$$

3) $5 \times 3 + 1^3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 5 \times 3 + 1 \\ \checkmark \\ 15 + 1 \\ 16 \end{array}$$

4) $12 \div (5 - 2 + 1)$

$$\begin{array}{r} \checkmark \\ 12 \div (3 + 1) \\ \checkmark \\ 12 \div 4 \\ 3 \end{array}$$

5) $(6 \times 2) \div (1 + 6 - 3)$

$$\begin{array}{r} \checkmark \\ 12 \div (1 + 6 - 3) \\ \checkmark \\ 12 \div (7 - 3) \\ 12 \div 4 \end{array}$$

3

6) $(14 - 2) \div (1 + 4 - 1)$

$$\begin{array}{r} \checkmark \\ 12 \div (1 + 4 - 1) \\ \checkmark \\ 12 \div (5 - 1) \\ \checkmark \\ 12 \div 4 \end{array}$$

3

7) $(14 - 4) \div (4 + 4 - 3)$

$$\begin{array}{r} \checkmark \\ 10 \div (4 + 4 - 3) \\ \checkmark \\ 10 \div (8 - 3) \\ \checkmark \\ 10 \div 5 \end{array}$$

2

8) $5^2 - 5 - 3 \times 3$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 25 - 5 - 3 \times 3 \\ \checkmark \\ 25 - 5 - 9 \\ \checkmark \\ 20 - 9 \end{array}$$

-1

11

LESSON **Review for Mastery**
2-1 **Properties and Mental Math**

Commutative Property

Changing the order of addends does not change the sum.

$21 + 13 = 13 + 21$

Changing the order of factors does not change the product.

$5 \times 7 = 7 \times 5$

Associative Property

Changing the grouping of addends does not change the sum.

$(3 + 8) + 4 = 3 + (8 + 4)$

Changing the grouping of factors does not change the product.

$2 \times (7 \times 4) = (2 \times 7) \times 4$

Distributive Property

When you multiply a number by a sum, you can

- Find the sum and then multiply. $3 \times (8 + 4) = 3 \times 12 = 36$
 or
- Multiply the number by each addend and then find the sum.
 $3 \times (8 + 4) = (3 \times 8) + (3 \times 4) = 24 + 12 = 36$

Identify the property shown.

1. $3 \times (2 \times 6) = (3 \times 2) \times 6$

2. $7 + 18 = 18 + 7$

Associative Property of Multi.

Commutative Property of Addition

3. $4 \times (8 + 5) = (4 \times 8) + (4 \times 5)$

4. $11 \times 8 = 8 \times 11$

Distributive Property

Commutative Property of Multiplication

5. $3 \times (8 + 4) = (3 \times 8) + (3 \times 4)$

6. $(3 + 8) + 4 = 3 + (8 + 4)$

Distributive Property

Associative Property of Addition

Identify the property shown and the missing number in each equation.

7. $9 + 16 = y + 9$

8. $4 \times (3 \times 2) = (4 \times n) \times 2$

CPA ; y = 16

APA ; n = 3

9. $3 \times (11 + 4) = (3 \times a) + (3 \times 4)$

10. $6 \times (9 + 14) = (6 \times 9) + (6 \times 14)$

Distributive ; a = 11

Distributive ; b = 6

LESSON
2-1

Practice A
Properties and Mental Math

Choose the letter of the equation that shows the given property.

1. Associative Property

A $2 + 3 = 3 + 2$

B $7 \times 8 = 7 \times (4 + 4)$

C $8 \times (6 \times 5) = (8 \times 6) \times 5$

D $9 \times (2 + 4) = (9 \times 2) + (9 \times 4)$

2. Distributive Property

F $3 \times (6 \times 11) = (3 \times 6) \times 11$

G $75 + 15 = 15 + 75$

H $9 \times 8 = 8 \times 9$

I $12 \times (4 + 7) = (12 \times 4) + (12 \times 7)$

3. Commutative Property

A $3 \times (7 + 8) = 3 \times 15$

B $(10 + 4) + 3 = 10 + (4 + 3)$

C $(9 + 2) \times 5 = (9 \times 5) + (2 \times 5)$

D $6 \times 5 = 5 \times 6$

4. Associative Property

F $20 \times (3 + 3) = (20 \times 3) + (20 \times 3)$

G $4 + (3 + 9) = (4 + 3) + 9$

H $(10 + 5) \times 7 = 15 \times 7$

I $16 \times 8 = 8 \times 16$

Rewrite each expression using the named property.

5. $8 + 12$; Commutative Property

$12 + 8$

6. $(9 \times 6) \times 4$; Associative Property

$9 \times (6 \times 4)$

7. $3 \times (5 + 2)$; Distributive Property

$(3 \times 5) + (3 \times 2)$

8. $2 \times (4 + 5)$; Distributive Property

$(2 \times 4) + (2 \times 5)$

Find each sum or product.

9. $7 + 15 + 3 + 5$

30

10. $7 \times 2 \times 5$

70

11. $4 \times 3 \times 5$

60

Multiply using the Distributive Property.

12. 4×38

152

13. 6×53

318

14. 8×42

336

15. Sue has \$4, Tom has \$11, Brian has \$6, and Anita has \$9. Use mental math to find how much money they have altogether.

$11 + 9 + 4 + 6 = \$30$

16. Each minibus seats 14 people, and the school owns 5 minibuses. Use mental math to find how many students can ride in the school's minibuses at the same time.

$5 \times 14 = (5 \times 10) + (5 \times 4) = 70$ students

LESSON
2-2

Practice A
Variables and Expressions

Circle the letter of the correct answer.

- Which of the following is an algebraic expression?
 A $4 + 13$
 B $10 \cdot (3 - 2)$
 C $15 \div 5$
 D $9 - n$
- Which of these expressions is a way to rewrite the algebraic expression $n + 3$?
 A $\frac{n}{3}$
 B $n \cdot 3$
 C $3n$
 D $\frac{3}{n}$
- What is the variable in the expression $(16 + a) \cdot 5 - 4$?
 F 16
 G a
 H 5
 I n
- Which of these expressions is not a way to rewrite the algebraic expression $n \cdot 4$?
 F $n(4)$
 G $n \cdot 4$
 H $\frac{4}{n}$
 I $4n$

Evaluate each expression to find the missing values in the tables.

5.

n	$n + 3$
1	4
2	5
5	8
7	10
10	13

6.

n	$n \cdot 2^2$
2	8
3	12
5	20
7	28
8	32

7. If $x = 3$, what is the value of the expression $6 \div x$?

2

8. If $x = 2$, what is the value of the expression $9 - x$?

7

LESSON
2-2

Review for Mastery

Variables and Expressions

A variable is a letter or a symbol that stands for a number that can change. A constant is an amount that does not change.

A mathematical phrase that contains at least one variable is an algebraic expression. In the algebraic expression $x + 5$, x is a variable and 5 is a constant.

When you evaluate an algebraic expression, substitute a number for the variable and then find the value.

To evaluate the algebraic expression $m - 8$ for $m = 12$, first replace the variable m in the expression with 12.

$$m - 8$$

$$12 - 8$$

Then find the value of the expression.

$$12 - 8 = 4$$

The value of $m - 8$ is 4 when $m = 12$.

Evaluate each expression for the given value of the variable.

1. $x + 5$, for $x = 6$ 2. $3p$, for $p = 5$ 3. $z \div 4$, for $z = 24$ 4. $w - 7$, for $w = 15$

11 15 6 8

To find the missing values in a table, use the given values of the variable.

x	$4x$
3	12
4	16
5	20

Think: $x = 3$, so $4x = 4 \cdot 3 = 12$

Think: $x = 4$, so $4x = 4 \cdot 4 = 16$

Think: $x = 5$, so $4x = 4 \cdot 5 = 20$

Evaluate each expression to find the missing values in the tables.

5.

x	$x + 7$
3	10
5	12
7	14

6.

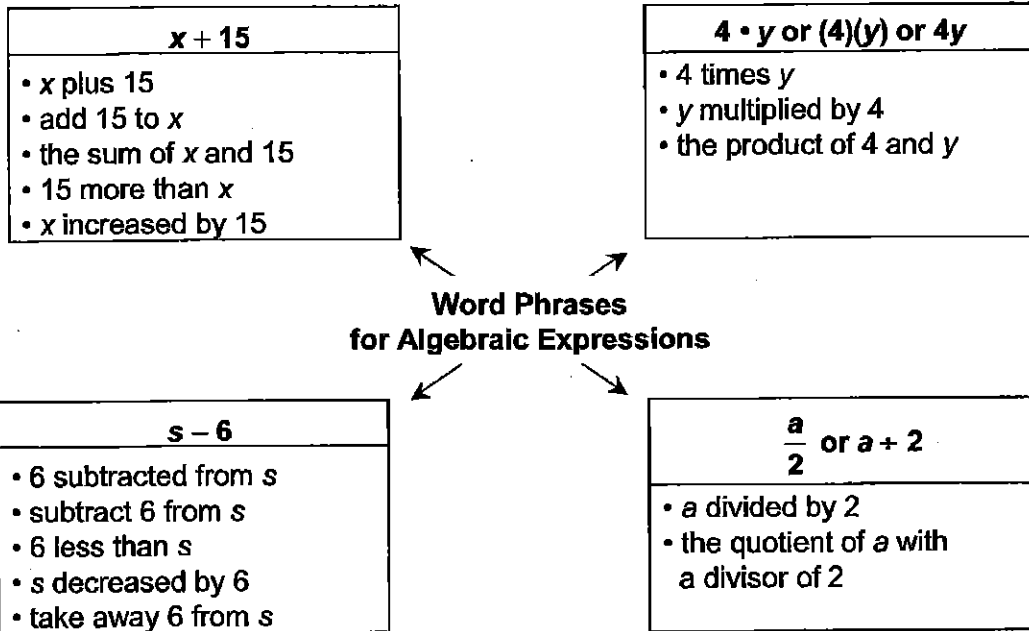
y	$y - 2$
9	7
10	8
14	12

LESSON
2-3

Reading Strategies

Use a Visual Map

Identifying word phrases for different operations can help you write algebraic expressions. This visual map shows the four different operations with key word phrases.



Write a word phrase for each algebraic expression.

1. $t - 8$ Eight less than t
2. $\frac{n}{6}$ n divided by 6
3. $5w$ Five times w
4. $z + 12$ the sum of z and 12

Write an algebraic expression for each word phrase.

5. the product of x and 12 $12x$
6. m decreased by 5 $m - 5$
7. the quotient of p with a divisor of 3 $p \div 3$
8. 25 more than r $25 + r$

LESSON
2-3

Practice A

Translating Between Words and Math

Circle the letter of the correct answer.

- Which of the following is the solution to an addition problem?
 A product
 B sum
 C plus
 D add
- Which of the following is the solution to a subtraction problem?
 F minus
 G times
 H difference
 I less
- Which word phrase represents the following expression: $5 \cdot 3$?
 A the product of 5 and 3
 B 5 less than 3
 C the quotient of 5 and 3
 D the sum of 5 and 3
- Which word phrase represents the following expression: $14 \div n$?
 F the difference of 14 and n
 G 14 more than n
 H take away n from 14
 I the quotient of 14 and n

Match each situation to its algebraic expression below.

- A. $8 \div x$ B. $8x$ C. $8 - x$ D. $x + 8$ E. $x - 8$ F. $x \div 8$

- 8 take away x C
- the product of 8 and x B
- 8 more than x D
- Lily bought 14 beads and lost some of them. This situation is modeled by the expression $14 - x$. What does x represent in the expression?
The lost beads
- x divided by 8 F
- the quotient of 8 and x A
- x decreased by 8 E
- The pet store put the same number of hamsters in 6 cages. This situation is modeled by the expression $6n$. What does n represent?
The number of hamsters

Solve and check each equation. Remember to show the inverse operation on both sides.

$$\begin{array}{r} 9) \ 8 + x = 12 \\ -8 \quad -8 \end{array}$$

$$x = 4$$

$$\text{Check: } 8 + x = 12$$

$$8 + 4 = 12$$

$$12 = 12$$

$$10) \ \frac{10}{6} = \frac{x}{10} \cdot 10$$

$$60 = x$$

$$\text{Check: } 6 = \frac{x}{10}$$

$$6 = \frac{60}{10}$$

$$6 = 6$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11) \ 5 + r = 5 \\ -5 \quad -5 \end{array}$$

$$r = 0$$

$$\text{Check: } 5 + r = 5$$

$$5 + 0 = 5$$

$$5 = 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 12) \ m - 5 = 1 \\ +5 \quad +5 \end{array}$$

$$m = 6$$

$$\text{Check: } m - 5 = 1$$

$$6 - 5 = 1$$

$$1 = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 13) \ \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{15}{3} \\ \quad \quad \quad \end{array}$$

$$x = 5$$

$$\text{Check: } 3x = 15$$

$$3(5) = 15$$

$$15 = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 14) \ \frac{2x}{2} = \frac{2}{2} \\ \quad \quad \quad \end{array}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$\text{Check: } 2x = 2$$

$$2(1) = 2$$

$$2 = 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15) \ a + 5 = 15 \\ -5 \quad -5 \end{array}$$

$$a = 10$$

$$\text{Check: } a + 5 = 15$$

$$10 + 5 = 15$$

$$15 = 15$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 16) \ \frac{a}{3} = 10 \\ \times 3 \quad \times 3 \end{array}$$

$$a = 30$$

$$\text{Check: } \frac{a}{3} = 10$$

$$\frac{30}{3} = 10$$

$$10 = 10$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 17) \ \frac{54}{9} = \frac{9x}{9} \\ \quad \quad \quad \end{array}$$

$$6 = x$$

$$\text{Check: } 54 = 9x$$

$$54 = 9(6)$$

$$54 = 54$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 18) \ x + 6 = 13 \\ -6 \quad -6 \end{array}$$

$$x = 7$$

$$\text{Check: } x + 6 = 13$$

$$7 + 6 = 13$$

$$13 = 13$$